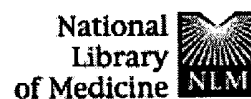


WEST Search History

DATE: Monday, November 22, 2004

Hide?	Set Name	Query	Hit Count
<i>DB=PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI; THES=ASSIGNEE; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ</i>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	L11	L7.clm.	10
<input type="checkbox"/>	L10	L8.clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L9	L8.clm.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L8	L7 same (screen\$ or modulat\$ or identif\$)	217
<input type="checkbox"/>	L7	l2 same (growth\$ or proliferation or apoptosis or death)	671
<input type="checkbox"/>	L6	l2 (s) (growth\$ or proliferation or apoptosis or death)	0
<i>DB=USPT; THES=ASSIGNEE; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ</i>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	L5	L4.clm.	3
<input type="checkbox"/>	L4	L2 same (screen\$ or identif\$)	66
<i>DB=PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI; THES=ASSIGNEE; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ</i>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	L3	L2 same (screen\$ or identif\$)	384
<input type="checkbox"/>	L2	Perlecan or HSPG or syndecan or glypican	1261
<input type="checkbox"/>	L1	PILLARISETTI-SIVARAM.in.	23

END OF SEARCH HISTORY



Entrez PubMed Nucleotide Protein Genome Structure OMIM PMC Journals Books
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#18	Search hurt-camejo 1997	09:43:54	6
#17	Search hurt cameio 1997	09:43:41	120
#10	Related Articles for PubMed (Select 10593935)	09:07:33	289
#9	Search pillarisetti 36403	09:06:15	1
#7	Search Pillarisetti 36403	08:30:39	1
#4	Related Articles for PubMed (Select 9496392)	08:20:11	221
#1	Search Adatia 1257	07:59:45	1

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Nov 16 2004 07:00:47

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:55:47 ON 22 NOV 2004)

FILE 'DISSABS, 1MOBILITY, AGRICOLA, AQUASCI, BIOTECHNO, COMPENDEX,
COMPUAB, CONF, CONFSCI, ELCOM, HEALSAFE, IMSDRUGCONF, LIFESCI, MEDICONF,
OCEAN, PAPERCHEM2, PASCAL, POLLUAB, SOLIDSTATE, ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT,
ADISNEWS, ANABSTR, ANTE, AQUALINE, BIOBUSINESS, ...' ENTERED AT 09:56:06
ON 22 NOV 2004

E PILLARISETTI SIVARAM ?/AU

L1 130 S E1 OR E2 OR E3
L2 22718 S PERLECAN OR HSPG OR SYNDECAN OR GLYPICAN
L3 52 S L1 AND L2
L4 27 DUP REM L3 (25 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:11:25 ON 22 NOV 2004

FILE 'DISSABS, 1MOBILITY, AGRICOLA, AQUASCI, BIOTECHNO, COMPENDEX,
COMPUAB, CONF, CONFSCI, ELCOM, HEALSAFE, IMSDRUGCONF, LIFESCI, MEDICONF,
OCEAN, PAPERCHEM2, PASCAL, POLLUAB, SOLIDSTATE, ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT,
ADISNEWS, ANABSTR, ANTE, AQUALINE, BIOBUSINESS, ...' ENTERED AT 10:26:44
ON 22 NOV 2004

L5 8520 S L2 (S) (GROWTH? OR PROLIFERAT? OR ANTIPROLIFER? OR DEATH OR
L6 2352 S L5 (S) (IDENTIF? OR SCREEN? OR MODULAT?)
L7 88 S L6 (S) PRODUCTION
L8 49 DUP REM L7 (39 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=>

L8 ANSWER 39 OF 49 BIOTECHNO COPYRIGHT 2004 Elsevier Science B.V. on STN
DUPLICATE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:23239744 BIOTECHNO
TITLE: Novel neurite growth-inhibitory properties of an
astrocyte proteoglycan
AUTHOR: Guo M.; Dow K.E.; Kisilevsky R.; Riopelle R.J.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Doran 2, Kingston General Hospital, Kingston, Ont. K7L
2V7, Canada.
SOURCE: Journal of Chemical Neuroanatomy, (1993), 6/4
(239-245)
CODEN: JCNAEE ISSN: 0891-0618
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article
COUNTRY: United Kingdom
LANGUAGE: English
SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

AB Conditioned medium (CM) of primary cultures of GFAP-positive adherent astrocytes from neonatal rat neocortex contained a chondroitin sulphate/dermatan sulphate proteoglycan (CDSPG) that co-eluted with a heparan sulphate proteoglycan (HSPG) by ion-exchange chromatography. The CDSPG was resolved from the HSPG by molecular sieve chromatography, which indicated that the molecular mass of the HSPG was greater than 300 kDa, while that of the CDSPG was approximately 50 kDa. Specific lyase digestion and urea/polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis established the homogeneity of the CDSPG and suggested molecular masses of the core protein and glycosylated protein as 54 kDa and 58 kDa respectively. Virtually all of the poly-D-lysine substrate-bound proteoglycan-associated neurite growth-promoting activity of astrocyte CM was accounted for by the HSPG. On poly-D-lysine the immobilized CDSPG displayed little neurite growth-stimulatory activity relative to the HSPG. However, the CDSPG inhibited the potent growth-promoting activity of the HSPG by displacing it from the poly-D-lysine substrate. Differential cellular regulation of production of growth-modulatory proteins with different binding avidity for the substrate of growth may determine the success of a regenerative axonal response by fully competent neurons.

AB. . . adherent astrocytes from neonatal rat neocortex contained a chondroitin sulphate/dermatan sulphate proteoglycan (CDSPG) that co-eluted with a heparan sulphate proteoglycan (HSPG) by ion-exchange chromatography. The CDSPG was resolved from the HSPG by molecular sieve chromatography, which indicated that the molecular mass of the HSPG was greater than 300 kDa, while that of the CDSPG was approximately 50 kDa. Specific lyase digestion and urea/polyacrylamide gel. . . core protein and glycosylated protein as 54 kDa and 58 kDa respectively. Virtually all of the poly-D-lysine substrate-bound proteoglycan-associated neurite growth-promoting activity of astrocyte CM was accounted for by the HSPG. On poly-D-lysine the immobilized CDSPG displayed little neurite growth-stimulatory activity relative to the HSPG. However, the CDSPG inhibited the potent growth-promoting activity of the HSPG by displacing it from the poly-D-lysine substrate. Differential cellular regulation of production of growth-modulatory proteins with different binding avidity for the substrate of growth may determine the success of a regenerative axonal response by fully competent neurons.

L4 ANSWER 24 OF 27 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on
STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:20752 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200000020752

TITLE: **Perlecan**, heparan sulfate proteoglycan, mediates
the anti-proliferative effect of apolipoprotein E: An
underlying mechanism for the modulation of smooth muscle
cell growth?.

AUTHOR(S): Paka, Latha [Reprint author]; Obunike, Joseph C.; Choi,
Sungshin Y.; **Pillarisetti, Sivaram**

CORPORATE SOURCE: North Shore - Long Island Jewish Health System, Manhasset,
NY, USA

SOURCE: Circulation, (Nov. 2, 1999) Vol. 100, No. 18 SUPPL., pp.
I.548. print.

Meeting Info.: 72nd Scientific Sessions of the American
Heart Association. Atlanta, Georgia, USA. November 7-10,
1999.

CODEN: CIRCAZ. ISSN: 0009-7322.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (Meeting)

Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 29 Dec 1999

Last Updated on STN: 31 Dec 2001

TI **Perlecan**, heparan sulfate proteoglycan, mediates the
anti-proliferative effect of apolipoprotein E: An underlying mechanism for
the modulation of smooth muscle cell. . . .

AU Paka, Latha [Reprint author]; Obunike, Joseph C.; Choi, Sungshin Y.;
Pillarisetti, Sivaram

IT . . .
regulation

IT Chemicals & Biochemicals
apolipoprotein E: antiproliferative effects, heparan sulfate
proteoglycan mediation, smooth muscle cell expression; heparan sulfate
proteoglycan [**perlecan**]: cell proliferation regulator, smooth
muscle cell expression

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:434240 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199799733443
TITLE: Subendothelial retention of lipoprotein (a). Evidence that reduced heparan sulfate promotes lipoprotein binding to subendothelial matrix.
AUTHOR(S): Pillarisetti, Sivaram [Reprint author]; Paka, Latha; Obunike, Joseph C.; Berglund, Lars; Goldberg, Ira J.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Med., Columbia Univ. Coll. Physicians Surgeons, BB 901, 630 West 168th St., New York, NY 10032, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Clinical Investigation, (1997) Vol. 100, No. 4, pp. 867-874.
CODEN: JCINAO. ISSN: 0021-9738.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 8 Oct 1997
Last Updated on STN: 8 Oct 1997

AB Vessel wall subendothelial extracellular matrix, a dense mesh formed of collagens, fibronectin, laminin, and proteoglycans, has important roles in lipid and lipoprotein retention and cell adhesion. In atherosclerosis, vessel wall heparan sulfate proteoglycans (HSPG) are decreased and we therefore tested whether selective loss of HSPG affects lipoprotein retention. A matrix synthesized by aortic endothelial cells and a commercially available matrix (Matrigel; Becton Dickinson Inc., Rutherford, NJ) were used. Treatment of matrix with heparinase/heparitinase (1 U/ml each) increased LDL binding by approx 1.5-fold. Binding of lipoprotein (a) (Lp(a)) to both subendothelial matrix and Matrigel increased 2-10-fold when the HSPG were removed by heparinase treatment. Incubation of endothelial cells with oxidized LDL (OxLDL) or lysolecithin resulted in decreased matrix proteoglycans and increased Lp(a) retention by matrix. The effect of OxLDL or lysolecithin on endothelial PG was abolished in the presence of HDL. The decrease in matrix HSPG was associated with production of a heparanase-like activity by OxLDL-stimulated endothelial cells. To test whether removal of HSPG exposes fibronectin, a candidate Lp(a) binding protein in the matrix, antifibronectin antibodies were used. The increased Lp(a) binding after HSPG removal was inhibited 60% by antifibronectin antibodies. Similarly, the increased Lp(a) binding to matrix from OxLDL-treated endothelial cells was inhibited by antifibronectin antibodies. We hypothesize that atherogenic lipoproteins stimulate endothelial cell production of heparanase. This enzyme reduces HSPG which in turn promotes Lp(a) retention.

AU Pillarisetti, Sivaram [Reprint author]; Paka, Latha; Obunike, Joseph C.; Berglund, Lars; Goldberg, Ira J.

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